

Name: _____

Summative Date: _____

Key

Geometry Summative Review

Directions: List the formulas for the polygons listed below.

1.) Area of a Rectangle: $A = l \cdot w$

2.) Area of a Triangle: $A = \frac{b \cdot h}{2}$

3.) Area of a Parallelogram: $A = b \cdot h$

4.) Volume of a Rectangular Prism: $V = l \cdot w \cdot h$

5.) Explain how to find the area of a trapezoid: Decompose the trapezoid into a rectangle and triangle(s). Find the area of each and add to find the total area.

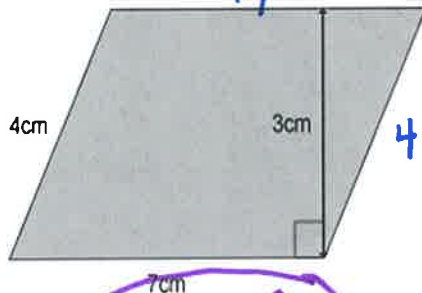
6.) Explain how to find perimeter: Add up the measure of all sides. Perimeter is the measure of the distance around a figure.

7.) Explain how to find area of an irregular shape: Break the irregular shape into rectangles and/or triangles and add the area of each section.

8.) Explain how to find surface area of a prism/pyramid: Find the area of each face, then add up all areas! (Rectangular prism = 6 faces, Triangular prism/pyramid = 5 faces)

Directions: Find the area and perimeter of each figure below. Be sure to show all work and include correct units of measurement!

9.)



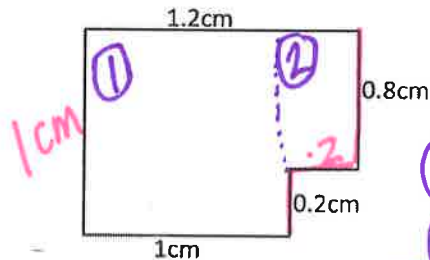
$A = 21 \text{ cm}^2$

$P = 22 \text{ cm}$

$4 + 7 + 4 + 7 = 22$

$b = 7$
 $h = 3$
 $7 \cdot 3 = 21$

10.)



$A = 1 + .16 = 1.16 \text{ cm}^2$

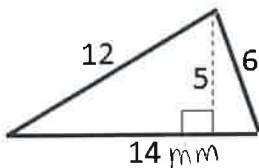
$P = 4.4 \text{ cm}$

$1.2 + .8 + .2 + .2 + 1 + 1 = 4.4$

① $1 \times 1 = 1 \text{ cm}^2$
② $.8 \times .2 = .16$

Area = units²
Perimeter = units

11.)



$A = 35 \text{ mm}^2$

$P = 32 \text{ mm}$

$14 + 6 + 12 = 32$

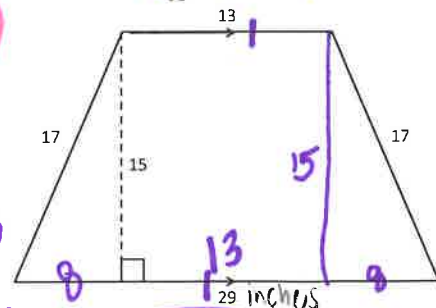
$b = 14$
 $h = 5$
 $\frac{14 \cdot 5}{2} = \frac{70}{2}$

$\Delta_1 = \frac{8 \cdot 15}{2} = 60$

$\square = 13 \cdot 15 = 195$

$\Delta_2 = 60$

$195 + 60 = 315$



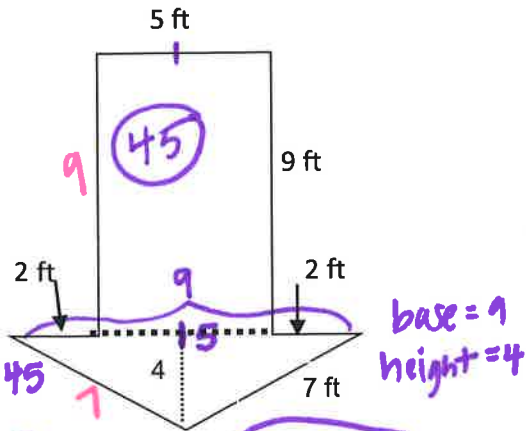
$A = 315 \text{ in}^2$

$P = 76 \text{ in}$

$29 + 17 + 13 + 17 = 76$

$\frac{29}{2} = 14.5$
 $16 \div 2 = 8$
for base of each triangle

13.)



$$\square = 5 \cdot 9 = 45$$

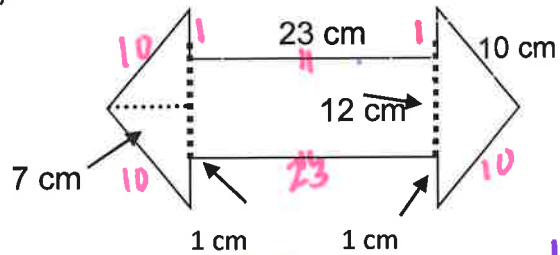
$$\triangle = \frac{9 \cdot 4}{2} = 18$$

$$A = 45 + 18 = 63 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$P = 41 \text{ ft.}$$

$$5 + 9 + 2 + 7 + 7 + 2 + 9 = 41$$

14.)



$$\triangle = \frac{10 \cdot 7}{2} = 35$$

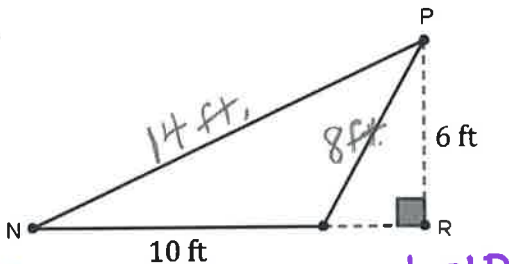
$$\square = 23 \cdot 12 = 276$$

$$A = 35 + 276 + 35 = 346 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$P = 90 \text{ cm}$$

$$23 + 1 + 10 + 10 + 1 + 23 + 1 + 10 + 10 + 1 = 90$$

15.



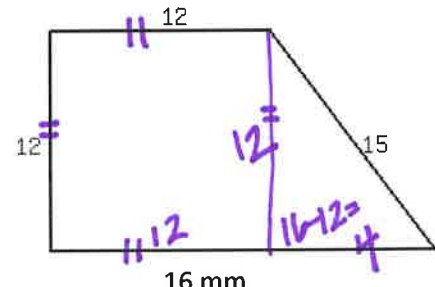
$$\frac{10 \cdot 6}{2} = \frac{60}{2} = 30$$

$$A = 30 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$P = 32 \text{ ft.}$$

$$10 + 14 + 8 = 32$$

16.)



$$A = 144 + 24 = 168 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$P = 55 \text{ mm}$$

$$12 + 15 + 16 + 12 = 55$$

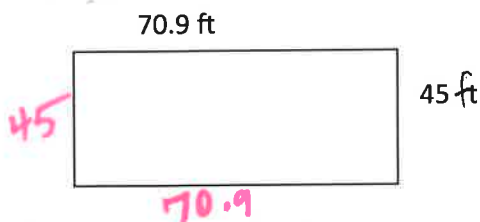
$$12 \cdot 12 = 144$$

$$\frac{4 \cdot 16}{2} = 32$$

$$144 + 32 = 176$$

17.) Mrs. Smith is giving her horse pasture a makeover. The pasture measures 45 feet by 70.9 feet.

- a.) She plans to replant the grass for the entire pasture. How large of a space will she need to cover with grass seed?



$$* \text{ area } A = l \cdot w$$

$$3190.5 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 70.9 \\ \times 45 \\ \hline 3545 \\ + 28360 \\ \hline 3190.5 \end{array}$$

- b.) She plans to put fencing up to enclose the pasture. How much fencing will she need?

$$* \text{ perimeter}$$

$$70.9 + 45 + 70.9 + 45 = 231.8$$

$$231.8 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{of fencing}$$

$$\text{units} * \text{ not sq.}$$

18.) Mrs. Mayer built a dog pen for Mac that has a total area of 192 square meters. Its width is 12 meters. What is the length of the dog pen?

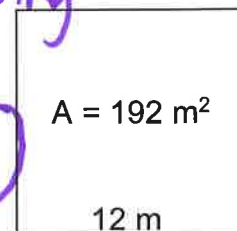
$$A = l \cdot w$$

$$192 = l \cdot 12$$

$$\frac{192}{12} = \frac{l \cdot 12}{12}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 12 \overline{) 192} \\ \underline{12} \\ 72 \\ \underline{72} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$l = 16 \text{ meters}$$

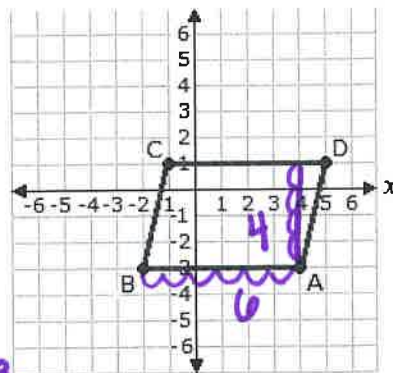


19.) Determine the area of the parallelogram on the graph.

$$b=6$$

$$h=4$$

$$6 \cdot 4 = 24 \text{ units}^2$$



20.) Rectangle ABCD has vertices A(2, 3) B(-4, 3) C(-4, -5).

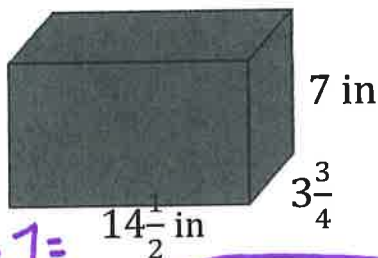
What is the coordinates of vertex D? $(2, -5)$

What is the area of the rectangle? 48 units^2

**Sketch an image on the coordinate grid above, or use what you know about absolute value to help solve!

Directions: Find the **volume** of the rectangular prisms below.

21.)

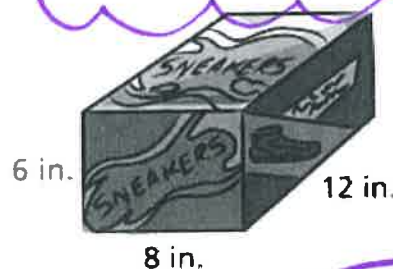


$$14\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3\frac{3}{4} \cdot 7 =$$

$$(14.5 \cdot 3.75 \cdot 7)$$

$$V = 380.625 \text{ in}^3$$

22.)



$$8 \cdot 6 \cdot 12 =$$

$$V = 576 \text{ in}^3$$

23.) What is the difference in volume of the two rectangular prisms above?

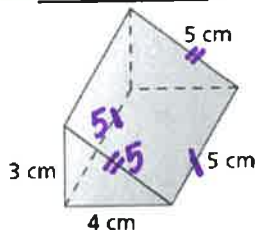
subtract

$$576.000$$

$$- 380.625$$

$$195.375 \text{ in}^3$$

Directions: Find the **surface area** of the figures below.



24.) Triangle 1: $\frac{4 \cdot 3}{2} = 6$

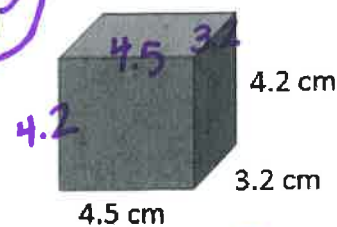
Triangle 2: 6

Rectangle 1: $4.5 = 20$

Rectangle 2: $5.5 = 25$

Rectangle 3: $3.5 = 15$

Surface Area = 72 cm^2



25.) Front: $4.2 \times 4.5 = 18.9$

Back: 18.9

Top: $3.2 \times 4.5 = 14.4$

Bottom: 14.4

Left: $4.2 \times 3.2 = 13.44$

Right: 13.44

Surface Area = 93.48 cm^2

26.) Square Base: $5 \cdot 5 = 25$

Triangle 1: $\frac{5 \cdot 6.5}{2} = 16.25$

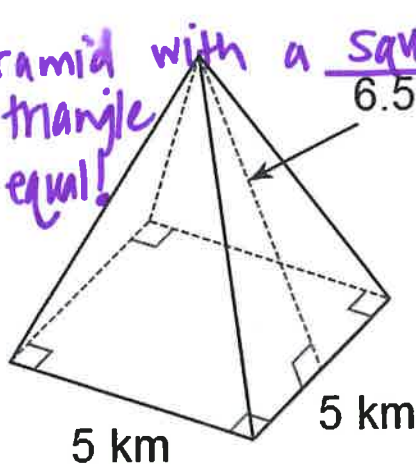
Triangle 2: 16.25

Triangle 3: 16.25

Triangle 4: 16.25

Surface Area = 90 km^2

* Pyramid with a square base has all 4 triangle sides equal!



Δ base = 5
height = 6.5

27.)

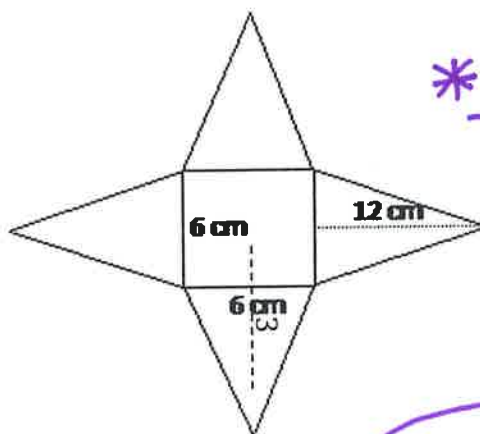
Square Base: $6 \cdot 6 = 36$

Triangle 1: $\frac{6 \cdot 12}{2} = \frac{12}{2} = 36$

Triangle 2: 36

Triangle 3: 36

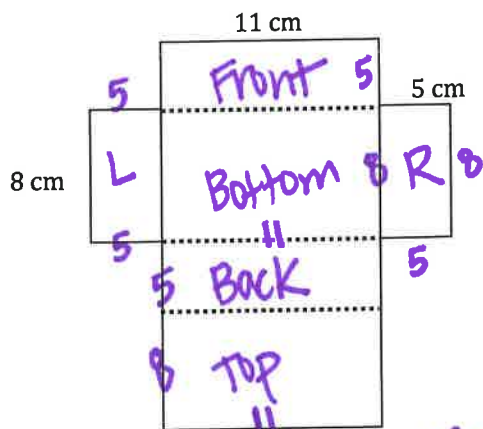
Triangle 4: 36



* Square base, so all triangle sides will be equal.

Surface Area = 180 cm^2

28.)



Front: $11 \cdot 5 = 55$

Back: $11 \cdot 5 = 55$

Top: $8 \cdot 11 = 88$

Bottom: $8 \cdot 11 = 88$

Left: $5 \cdot 8 = 40$

Right: $5 \cdot 8 = 40$

* It doesn't matter which face we choose to call "front, back". We will still get the same total surface area!

Surface Area = 366 cm^2